N number of A/D converters, each of the N A/D converters converting a first analog signal that is supplied through a corresponding sampling switch of the N sampling switches into a digital signal;

N number of latches, each of the N latches storing said digital signal; and N number of D/A converters, each of the N D/A converters converting said digital signal held in a corresponding latch of the N latches into a second analog signal to be supplied to said plurality of pixels.--

The driving circuit according to claim 10, --11.

the N sampling switch, the N A/D converters, the N latches, and the N D/A converters being disposed on one substrate.--

An electro-optical device comprising: --12.

N number of data lines, whère N is a natural number;

M number of scanning lines, where M is a natural number;

a plurality of pixels disposed correspondingly to intersections of the N data lines and the M scanning lines;

N number of sampling switches;

N number of A/D converters, each of the N A/D converters converting a first analog signal that is supplied through a corresponding sampling switch of the N sampling switches into a digital signal;

N number of latches, each of the N latches storing said digital signal; and N number of D/A converters, each of the N D/A converters converting said digital signal held in a corresponding latch of the N latches into a second analog signal to be supplied to a corresponding data line of the N data lines.--

An electronic apparatus comprising said electro-optical device according to claim 12 as a display device.--



--14. An electro-optical device, comprising:

N number of data lines, where N is a natural number;

M number of scanning lines, where M is a natural number;

a plurality of pixels disposed correspondingly to intersections of the N data lines and the M scanning lines;

N sampling switches;

N number of A/D converters, each of the N A/D converters converting a first analog signal that is supplied through a corresponding sampling switch of the N sampling switches into a digital signal;

N number of latches, each of the N latches storing said digital signal outputted by a corresponding A/D converter of the N A/D converters; and

N number of D/A converters, each of the N D/A converters converting said digital signal held in a corresponding latch of the N latches into a second analog signal to be supplied to a corresponding data line of the N data lines,

the N data lines, the M scanning lines, the plurality of pixels, the N sampling switches, the N A/D converters, the N latches, and the D/A converters being disposed on one substrate.--

--15. A driving circuit for driving a plurality of pixels, the driving circuit comprising:

a sampling circuit that samples and holds a first analog signal to be inputted in one horizontal scanning period;

an A/D conversion circuit that converts said first analog signal held in said sampling circuit into a digital signal;

a storage device that stores said digital signal; and

a D/A conversion circuit that converts said digital signal, which is stored in said storage device, into a second analog signal to be supplied to said plurality of pixels.--

--16. The driving circuit according to claim 15,

said sampling circuit, said A/D conversion circuit, said storage device, and said D/A conversion circuit being disposed on one substrate.--

--17. The driving circuit according to claim 15,

said A/D conversion circuit converting said first analog signal held in said sampling circuit into said digital signal within a time that is a shorter than said one horizontal scanning period, said digital signal being stored in said storage device.--

--18. The driving circuit according to claim 15, said storage device storing said digital signal obtained from said A/D conversion circuit within a fixed period, and

said D/A conversion circuit converting said digital signal stored in said storage device into said second analog signal to be supplied to the plurality of pixels.--

--19. The driving circuit according to claim\\15, further comprising:

a path through which said digital signal is supplied from said A/D conversion circuit to said storage device; and

a path through which an external digital signal is supplied from an external circuit to said storage device.--

--20. The driving circuit according to claim 15,

said D/A conversion circuit generating said second analog signal obtained by performing nonlinear conversion of said digital signal.--



--21. The driving circuit according to claim 16,

said sampling circuit, said A/D conversion circuit, said storage device, said D/A conversion circuit, and said pixels comprising a plurality of thin film transistors formed on said substrate.--

- --22. An electro-optical device comprising said driving circuit according to claim 15 and a plurality of pixels driven by said driving circuit.--
- --23. An electronic apparatus comprising said electro-optical device according to claim 22 as a display device.--
- --24. A driving circuit for driving a plurality of pixels, the driving circuit comprising:

an A/D conversion circuit that converts a first analog signal into a digital signal;

a storage device that stores said digital signal; and

a D/A conversion circuit that converts said digital signal, which is stored in said storage device, into a second analog signal to be supplied to said plurality of pixels, said A/D conversion circuit, said storage device, and said D/A conversion circuit being disposed on one substrate.--

--25. An electro-optical device comprising:

an A/D conversion circuit that converts a first analog signal into a digital signal;

a storage device that stores said digital signal;

a D/A conversion circuit that converts said digital signal, which is stored in said storage device, into a second analog signal; and

a plurality of pixels to which said second analog signal is supplied from said D/A conversion circuit,